





### Lab 9

Load testing Other tests



Jose Emilio Labra Gayo Pablo González Cristian Augusto Alonso Jorge Álvarez Fidalgo

# ol of Computer Science, University of Oviedo

## What are load tests?

Measure performance under normal or

anticipated peak load conditions

Example: Several concurrent users

Goal: Anticipate possible failures

verify work load of some system



## What can we test

Web applications (Http/https) SOAP/REST Web Services FTP Databases (JDBC) LDAP Mail (SMTP, POP3, IMAP) Java Objects Etc.

# Why should we do load tests?

Anticipate performance problems Detect bottlenecks Prove quality attributes

# Load testing tools

### **Gatling**

Apache Jmeter ()

Locust.io (http://locust.io/)

Artillery.io ()

goReplay

Loader.io

BlazeMeter

Blitz ...

Step by step guide:

# Gatling

Written in Scala
JVM compatible
Embedded DSL for testing
Easy to use
Light



## Download & installation

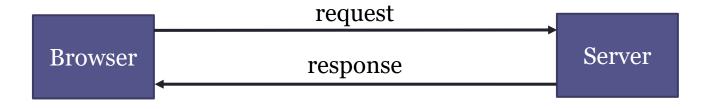
http://gatling.io

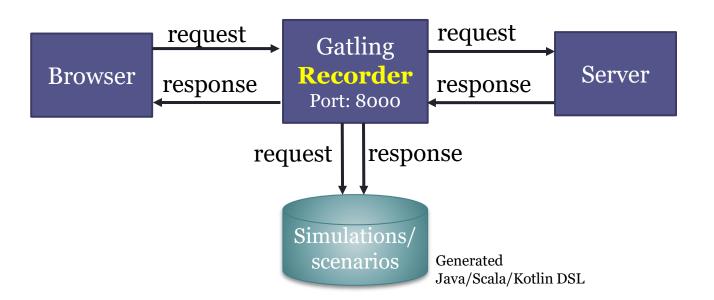
Gatling supports 64bits OpenJDK LTS (Long Term Support) versions: 11, 17 and 21

2 scripts:

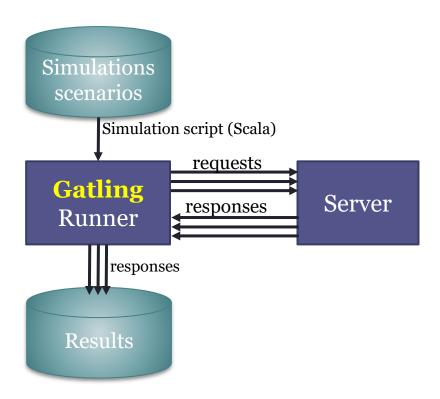
Recorder.sh/Recorder.bat Gatling.sh/Gatling.bat

# Gatling recorder

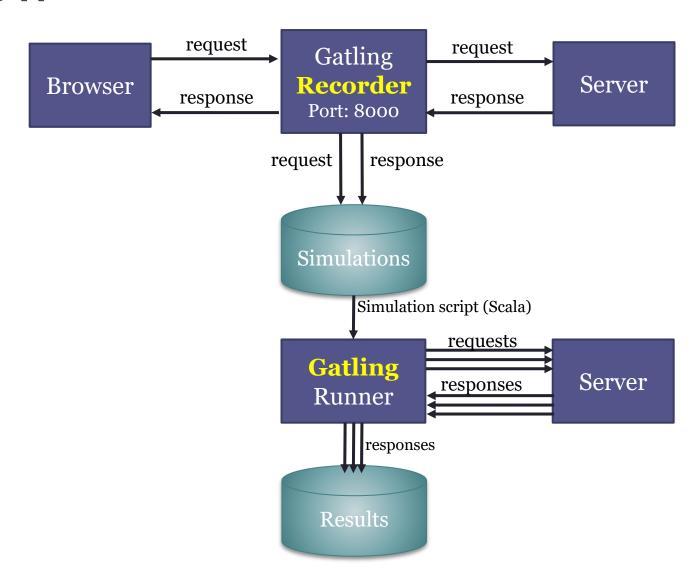




# Gatling runner



# Workflow



# Gatling: Recorder

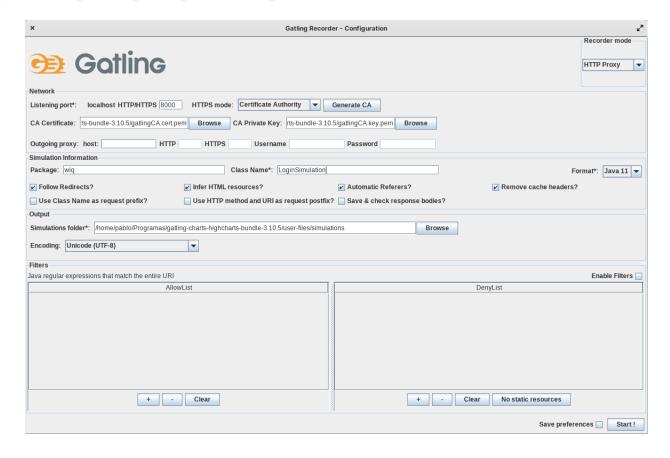
## Test case: Wiq

Launch recorder

(base) pablo@ZenBookUX431DA:~/Programas/gatling-charts-highcharts-bundle-3.10.5/bin\$ ./recorder.sh GATLING\_HOME is set to /home/pablo/Programas/gatling-charts-highcharts-bundle-3.10.5

### Recorder setup

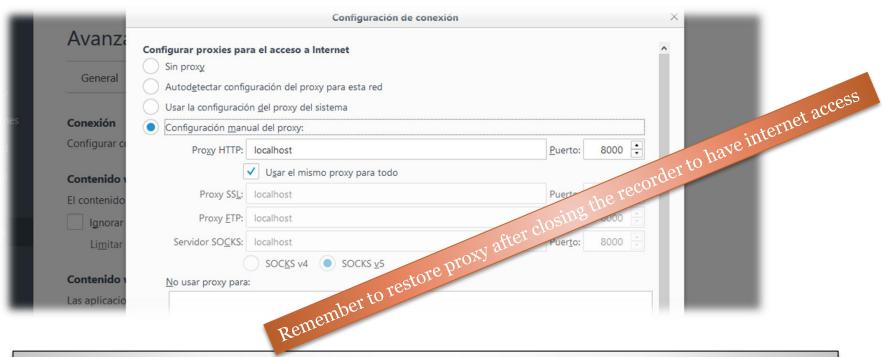
- Generate the certificates
- Import the certificate to Firefox
- Configure the port
- Other configuration:
  - 1. Package: packagename
  - Name: SimulationName
  - Follow Redirects ✓
  - 4. Automatic Referers
  - 5. Strategy: Black list first
  - 6. Blacklist: anything we want to avoid hitting



# Configure Proxy

localhost:8000

For all addresses, included localhost In case of HTTPS, the certificate must be configured



For localhost in Firefox, set: network.proxy.allow\_hijacking\_localhost to true in about:config

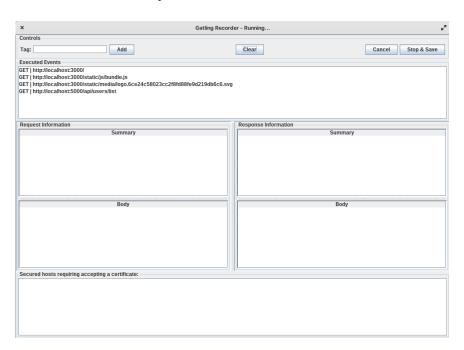
# School of Computer Science, University of Oviedo

# Gatling: Recorder

Browser > Web Proxy > localhost:8000

Recorder: Start

- After starting, open the website and perform the actions that you want to be part of the test
- After finishing press Stop
- Actions will be recorded in Scala language
- The simulation will be saved under the directory user-files/simulations



# School of Computer Science, University of Ovied

### Simulation Example

In this case we have loaded the main page of the application and performed a login operation

Note the last line of the test, we can adjust the load here

Tests can be more complicated, performing multiple actions on the

system

We can also choose to **write our own code** without the need of the recorder

# School of Computer Science, University of Oviedo

### How-to configure the number of users...

### **Injection profile**

Control how users are injected in your scenario



https://gatling.io/docs/gatling/reference/current/core/injection/

# 2 users per second during 60 seconds

120 users arriving at the rate of 2 users/second They execute a given script

```
...
setUp(
   scn.injectOpen(constantUsersPerSec(2).during(60).randomized())
.protocols(httpProtocol)
);
```

# Triggering Gatling

Run script: gatling.sh/.bat choose the class with the previous script Configure ID and description

In the execution we can see the textual progress At the end, an HTML file is generated

It contains graphical load test analysis

# Triggering Gatling

### Run Gatling (/bin/gatling.sh) and choose the scenario

```
(base) pablo@ZenBookUX431DA:~/Programas/gatling-charts-highcharts-bundle-3.10.5/bin$ ./gatling.sh
GATLING_HOME is set to /home/pablo/Programas/gatling-charts-highcharts-bundle-3.10.5
Do you want to run the simulation locally, on Gatling Enterprise, or just package it?
Type the number corresponding to your choice and press enter
[0] <Quit>
[1] Run the Simulation locally
[2] Package and upload the Simulation to Gatling Enterprise Cloud, and run it there
[3] Package the Simulation for Gatling Enterprise
[4] Show help and exit
1
Choose a simulation number:
    [0] computerdatabase.ComputerDatabaseSimulation
    [1] wiq.LoginUser
```

### Simulation output

```
______
                                  63s elapsed
--- Requests ------ 63s elaps
2024-03-31 15:01:46 GMT
> Global
                                 (OK=455
                                       K0=0
> get_index_page
                                 (OK=91
                                       K0=0
> get_javascript
                                 (OK=91
                                       K0=0
> qet_css
                                 (OK=91
                                       K0=0
> get_login_page
                                 (OK=91
                                       K0=0
> login_post
                                       K0=0
                                 (OK=91
waiting: 0 / active: 0 / done: 91
```

# School of Computer Science, University of Ovied

# Gatling: Reports

Two types of reports are generated:

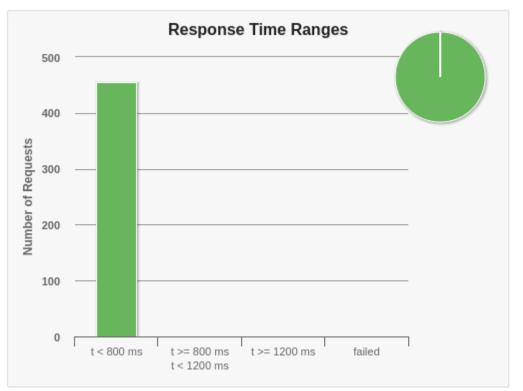
A text report in the console

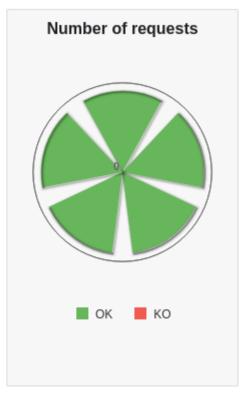
```
---- Global Information -------
> request count
                                                 455 (OK=455
                                                            K0=0
                                                 114 (OK=114
                                                            K0=-
> min response time
                                                 440 (OK=440
> max response time
                                                             K0=-
> mean response time
                                                 226 (OK=226
                                                             K0=-
> std deviation
                                                 64 (OK=64
                                                             K0=-
> response time 50th percentile
                                                234 (OK=234
                                                            K0=-
> response time 75th percentile
                                                243 (OK=243
                                                            K0=-
> response time 95th percentile
                                                 342 (OK=342
                                                            K0=-
> response time 99th percentile
                                                 407 (OK=407
                                                              K0=-
> mean requests/sec
                                               7.222 (OK=7.222 KO=-
---- Response Time Distribution ------
> t < 800 ms
                                                 455 (100%)
> 800 ms <= t < 1200 ms
> t >= 1200 ms
                                                       0%)
> failed
```

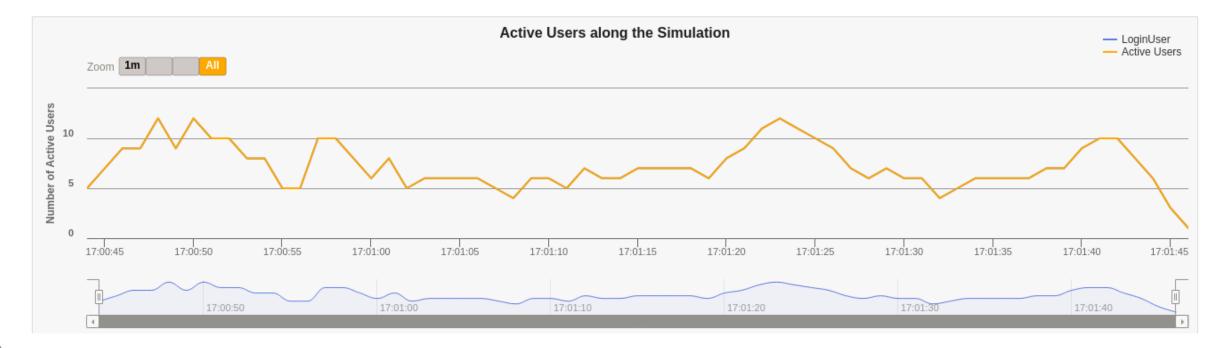
# School of Computer Science, University of Oviedo

# Gatling: Reports

HTML (and more detailed) report:

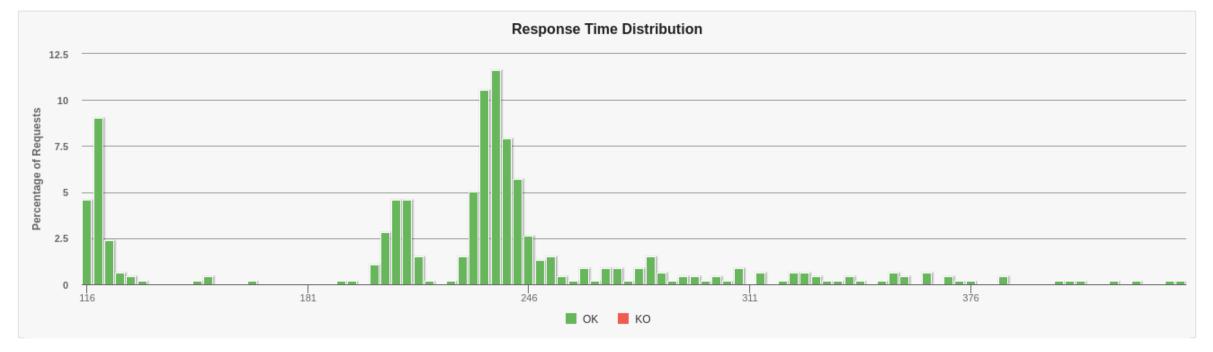






## Active Users along the Simulation

Displays number of active users (sending requests and receiving responses) along simulation time. This measure can be related to others such as response times and number of requests.



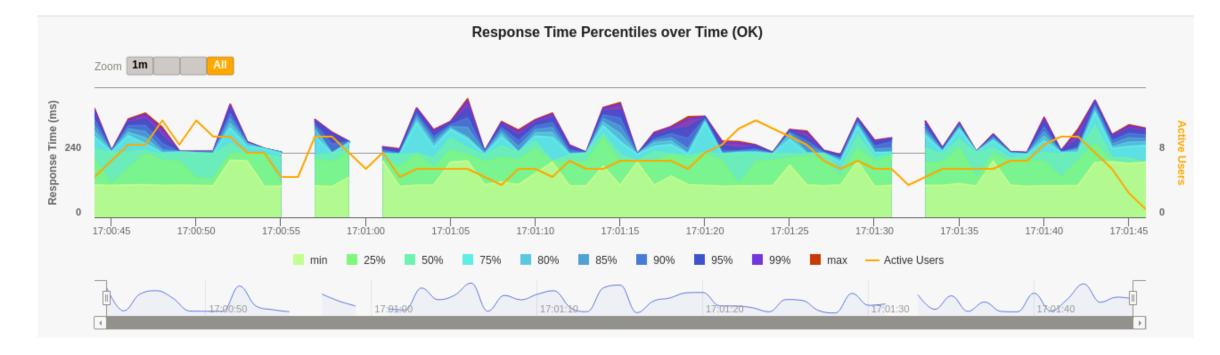
# **Response Time Distribution**

Shows the percentage of all requests made during the test run on the Y axis Includes both successes and failures.

All of the Y values should add up to 100%.

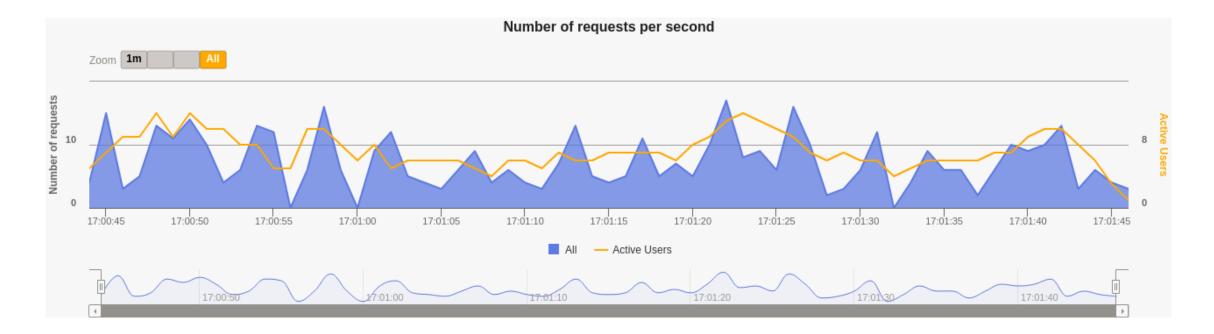
The response time (the time it takes to request the page and send data back to the server to acknowledge you received it) is on the x axis.

As you increase load on the server, you should see the data on this chart move farther to the right Response times will get slower



### Response Time Percentiles over Time

This is similar to Response Time Distribution, but it shows the data over a longer period of time to assess how your system behaves when under a sustained load.



### Requests/responses per second

The number of times you make a request for a resource from the server per second.

For example, if you simulate 200 users accessing one file on a server all at the same time once a second, you'll have 200 requests/responses per second.

# Gatling concepts & DSL

Simulation: Description of a load test

```
Defines method setUp
Scenario: Represents users' behaviours
It is possible to inject users to scenarios
Several possibilities:
nothingFor
atOnceUsers
rampUsers
constantUsersPerSec
```

. . .

Protocols: set protocol definitions (usually http)
Assertions: Verify some statistics
Can be used for continuous integration

## Other tests

### Usability

Allow to determine if a given application is easy to use. They assess users' experience before (formative) and after (summative) the release of a given software.

### Among the measures they can provide:

Ease of learning and memorising

Precision and completeness

Efficiency and productivity (time spent to perform a task)

**Errors** 

Satisfaction

Accessibility

Testing techniques include observation, benchmarking, surveys, interviews, questionnaires, eyetracking..

# School of Computer Science, University of Oviedo

### Other tests

## Security

Allow measuring the level of security.

Ethical Hacking

Vulnerability reports and possible solutions

Open source: Wapiti, Zed Attack Proxy, Vega, W3af, Skipfish, Ratproxy, SQLMap, Wfuzz, Grendel-Scan, Arachni, Grabber.

Scalability, maintainability, portability...

# Links Gatling https://gatling.io/

The Art of Destroying Your Web App With Gatling https://gatling.io/2018/03/07/the-art-of-destroying-your-web-app/ The Scala Programming Language https://www.scala-lang.org/ Refactoring (Advanced Gatling-Scala)
https://gatling.io/docs/2.3/advanced\_tutorial#advanced-tutorial
https://github.com/gatling/gatling/tree/master/gatling-bundle/src/main/scala/computerdatabase Testing Node.Js Application with Gatling https://blog.knoldus.com/testing-node-js-application-with-gatling/

### Other tests

Types of software testing

https://www.softwaretestinghelp.com/types-of-software-testing/

Qué son: Pruebas de usabilidad (Andrea Cantú)

https://blog.acantu.com/que-son-pruebas-usabilidad/

An overview on usability testing & 6 tools to automate it https://www.cubettech.com/blog/an-overview-on-usability-testing-6-tools-to-automate-it/

"Solución automatizada de pruebas de penetración y auditoría de seguridad para entornos de prestación de servicios empresariales en Cloud David Lorenzo González, Trabajo fin de Grado (Universidad de Oviedo)