EN English







Software Architecture

Lab. 08 TDD: Test-driven development Code coverage(Codecov) Continuous integration (GitHub Actions) Tools to static analyze the code (Codacy)

TDD

- Software development process where requirements are converted to specific test cases
- The opposite to software development that allows not tested software to be deployed
- Technique proposed by Kent Beck

TDD

Phases:

- 1. Add a test case
- 2. Execute test cases -> new one fails



- 3. Write the code
- 4. Execute all test cases
- 5. Code refactor



TDD

- Simple code created to satisfy the test case
- We get clean code as a result
- And a test-suite
- Helps focus to know what we want to implement

Codecov

- Coverage code tool
- Code coverage: Measure to show what code lines has been executed by a test suite
- Some terminology about CodeCov:
 - Hit: Line was executed
 - Partial: Line was not tested fully. Example: an if sentence with only one path tested.
 - Miss: Line was not executed

Codecov

• Coverage ratio is calculated with the following formula

hits / (hits + misses + partials)

• After the tests, it generates a file that allows to do the analysis

https://codecov.io/gh/arquisoft/radarin_???

TDD - Example test

```
export default function EmailForm(props) {
const [state, setState] = useState({email: '', remail: '', enabled: false});
function changeEmail(e) {
     const email = e.target.value ;
     setState({...state, email: email, enabled: email === state.remail});
function changeRemail(e) {
     const remail = e.target.value ;
     setState({...state, remail: remail, enabled: remail === state.email});
  }
return (
   <Form>
       <Form.Control type="text" name="email" placeholder="Input email" aria-label="email-input"</pre>
                     onChange={changeEmail} value={state.email}/>
       <Form.Control type="text" name="remail" placeholder="Input remail" aria-label="remail-input"</pre>
                     onChange={changeRemail} value={state.remail}/>
       <Button variant="primary" type="submit" disabled={!state.enabled}>Submit</Button>
   </Form>
```

We have a form with two email inputs (email and remail). It should be disabled until both inputs are equals

TDD - Example test

```
import React from 'react'
import { render, fireEvent } from "@testing-library/react";
import EmailForm from "./EmailForm";
```

```
test('check email button activated when 2 emails are equal', async () => {
    const correctValues = { email: 'test@example.org', remail: 'test@example.org' };
```

```
const { getByLabelText, getByText, container } = render(<EmailForm/>);
```

```
const inputEmail = getByLabelText('email-input');
const inputRemail = getByLabelText('remail-input');
```

```
fireEvent.change(inputEmail, { target: { value: correctValues.email }});
expect(getByText(/Submit/i).closest('button')).toHaveAttribute('disabled');
```

```
fireEvent.change(inputRemail, { target: { value: correctValues.remail }});
expect(getByText(/Submit/i).closest('button')).not.toHaveAttribute('disabled');
```

});

- Development practice that requires developers to **integrate** code into a shared repository several times a day
- Every task to build the software is executed when some condition is met (for instance, a push or pull request to master)

- Detect and solve problems continuously
- Always available
- Immediate execution of unit test cases.
- Project quality monitorization.

- Examples:
 - Jenkins
 - Pipeline
 - Hudson
 - Apache Continuun
 - Travis
 - GitHub Actions

- Common usages:
 - Maintenance of the code in a repository
 - Building automation
 - Quick building
 - Execute test cases in a cloned production environment
 - Show results of last build.

- Continuous integration service for projects stored in GitHub
- Free for free software projects
- Configuration is in one or multiple YAML files inside the .github/workflows directory that is localized in the root directory of the project

- .yml specifies:
 - Conditions for firing the process
 - List of jobs
 - Each executed in a specific environment
 - Steps to carry out the job (checkout, install dependencies, build and test)

name: CI for radarin

```
on:

push:

branches: [ master ]

pull_request:

branches: [ master ]
```

```
jobs:
```

```
build-test-webapp:
runs-on: ubuntu-latest
defaults:
    run:
        working-directory: webapp
steps:
- uses: actions/checkout@v2
- uses: actions/setup-node@v1
with:
        node-version: 12.14.1
- run: npm ci
```

- run: npm run build
- run: npm test
- uses: codecov/codecov-action@v1

- Each job can have a specific purpose (test a part of the app, deploy, etc.)
- GitHub actions can be used to automate other parts of the repository. Example: autoreply to new issues created in the repository

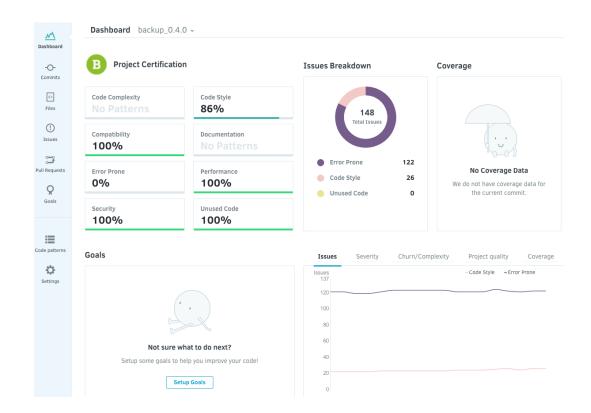
- uses: actions/checkout@v2.
 - Uses an action created by the community.
 - In this case, it checks out the project to the runner
- uses: actions/setup-node@v1 with:
 - node-version: 12.14.1
 - Installs node in the runner
- *run: npm ci*
 - Runs a command (install the dependencies)

Static analysis of the code

- Analyzed the code without compiling it
- Detects bugs, code smells, system vulnerabilities, etc.
- Useful to control the code quality.
- If the code does not meet the quality requirements, then the commit can be blocked

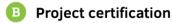
- Static code analysis tool
- It needs:
 - Git server like GitHub
 - Repository access
 - An accepted language
- The Project is imported to Codacy so it can be analyzed

• After the analysis Codacy sends an email



- In the Project Dashboard we see two main sections: specific branches and the main one
- For each branch there are the following sections:
 - Quality evolution
 - Issues breakdown
 - Coverage status
 - Hotspots
 - Logs
 - Pull requests status

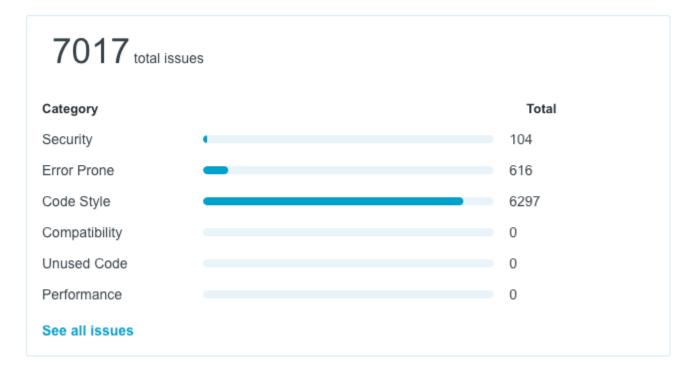
Codacy: Project certification and Quality evolution





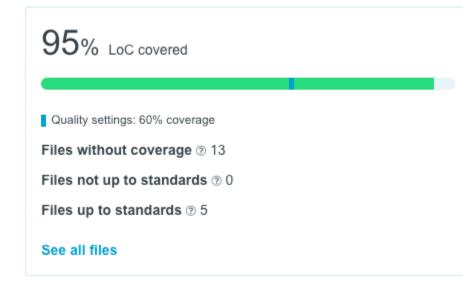
Codacy: Issues breakdown

Issues breakdown



Codacy: Coverage status

Coverage



- **Security:** security issues, potential vulnerabilities, unsafe dependencies.
- **Error Prone:** bad practices/patterns that cause code to fail/prone to bugs.
- **Code Style:** related to the style of the code, line length, tabs vs spaces.
- **Compatibility:** identifies code that has problems with older systems or cross platform support.
- Unused Code: unnecessary code not being used.
- Performance: inefficiently written code.

Codacy: Files

Files master ~

			Sear	Search file	
GRADE 🗢	FILENAME -	ISSUES -	DUPLICATION -	COMPLEXITY -	COVERAGE
A	tests/Codacy/Coverage/Parser/CloverParserTest.php	1	0	4	-
A	src/Codacy/Coverage/Parser/CloverParser.php	1	0	16	94%
B	src/Codacy/Coverage/Application.php	0	0	1	0%
А	tests/Codacy/Coverage/Parser/ParserTest.php	0	0	1	-
Δ	tests/Codacy/Coverage/Util/GitClientTest.php	0	0	1	-
	tests/Codacy/Coverage/Parser/PhpUnitXmlParserTest.php	0	0	2	-
B	src/Codacy/Coverage/Command/Phpunit.php	0	0	3	0%
А	src/Codacy/Coverage/Util/GitClient.php	0	0	3	67%
Δ	src/Codacy/Coverage/Util/CodacyApiClient.php	0	0	4	-

Codacy: File detail



squbs-unicomplex/src/main/scala/org/squbs/unicomplex/streaming/ServiceRegistry.scala

Ignore File

TIME TO FIX: 1 hour View on GitHub

Size		Structure		Complexity		Duplication	
Lines of code:	273	Number of Classes:	8	Complexity:	26	Number of Clones:	13
Source lines of code:	194	sLoC / Class: 🔞	24.25	Complexity / Class:	3.25	Duplicated lines of code:	134
Commented lines of code:	26	Number of Methods:	31	Complexity / Method:	0.84		
		sLoC / Method: 🔞	6.26	Churn:	19		