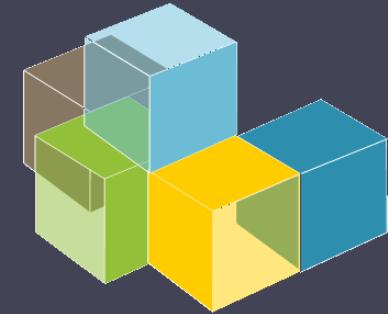




Universidad de Oviedo



School of
Computer
Science



SOFTWARE
ARCHITECTURE

Software Architecture

Lab. 12
Monitoring & profiling
How-to do a presentation

2019-20

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Monitoring and profiling

Monitoring: Observe the behaviour at runtime while software is running

Dashboards

Usually, after deployment

Profiling: Measure performance of a software while it is running

Identify parts of a system that contribute to a performance problem

Show where to concentrate the efforts

Usually before deployment

Monitoring & profiling

Monitors an application while it is running

Records performance (CPU & memory usage)

JavaScript:

Chrome (Timeline), Firefox Developer Edition (Performance tool),
Microsoft(Ajax View)

Server-side:

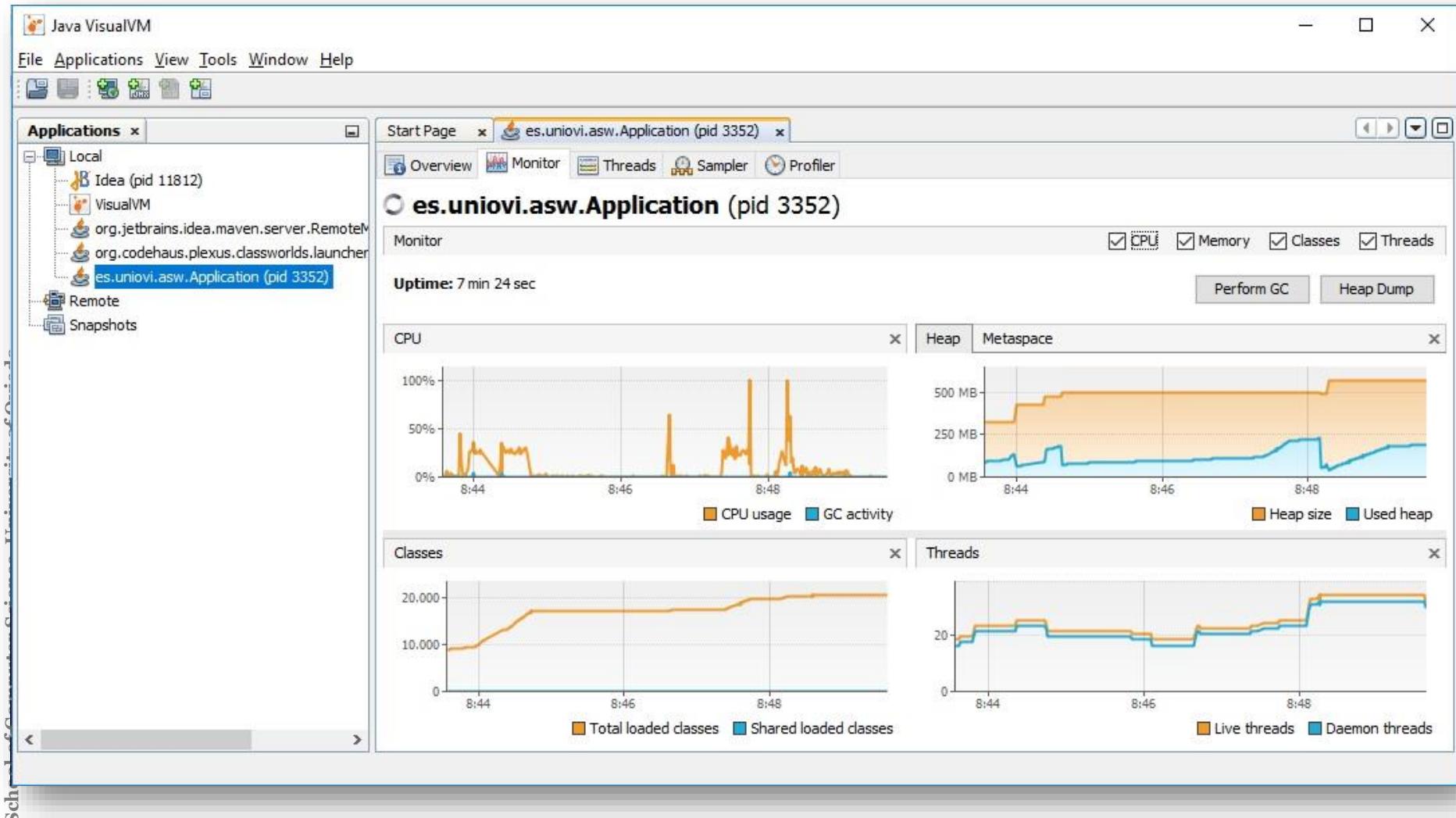
JVisualVM, JProfiler, YourKit, JConsole
Monitoring: Graphite, Datadog

VisualVM

<https://visualvm.github.io/>

jvisualvm

Java/server JVisualVM



Browser: developer tools

Monitor/check performance

The screenshot shows the 'Tools for Web Developers' website with the 'Chrome DevTools' tab selected. The main content area displays a 'Get Started With Analyzing Runtime Performance' article by Kayce Basques. The article includes a profile picture of Kayce Basques and the text: 'By Kayce Basques Technical Writer, Chrome DevTools & Lighthouse'. Below the article is a screenshot of the Chrome DevTools Performance panel. The Performance tab is active, showing a timeline with various performance metrics. The timeline is labeled with time intervals from 500 ms to 7500 ms. The bottom of the panel shows tabs for 'Summary', 'Bottom-Up', 'Call Tree', and 'Event Log'. A sidebar on the right contains a 'Contents' section with links to 'Get started', 'Simulate a mobile CPU', 'Set up the demo', 'Record runtime performance', 'Analyze the results', 'Analyze frames per second', 'Find the bottleneck', 'Bonus: Analyze the optimized version', and 'Next steps'.

<https://developers.google.com/web/tools/chrome-devtools/evaluate-performance>

Example with Google Chrome

Incognito mode

At the top right, click the three dots and then New Incognito Window.

Windows, Linux, or Chrome OS: Press Ctrl + Shift + n.

Mac: Press ⌘ + Shift + n.

DevTools

Windows, Linux: Control+Shift+I

Mac: Command+Option+I



Example with Google Chrome

<https://googlechrome.github.io/devtools-samples/jank/>

```

<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
  <head></head>
  <body>
    <div class="controls"></div>
    
    
  </body>
</html>

```

Performance>Record
 click Add 10 (20 times)
 try Optimize / Un-optimize
 Stop



Performance>CPU>2 x Slowdown

Developer Tools - https://googlechrome.github.io/devtools-samples/jank/

CPU: 2x slowdown

Click the record button or hit ⌘ E to capture a new recording.

Click the reload button or hit ⌘ R to record and evaluate the page load.

After recording, select an area of interest in the overview by dragging. Then, zoom and pan the timeline with the mousewheel or WASD keys. [Learn more](#)

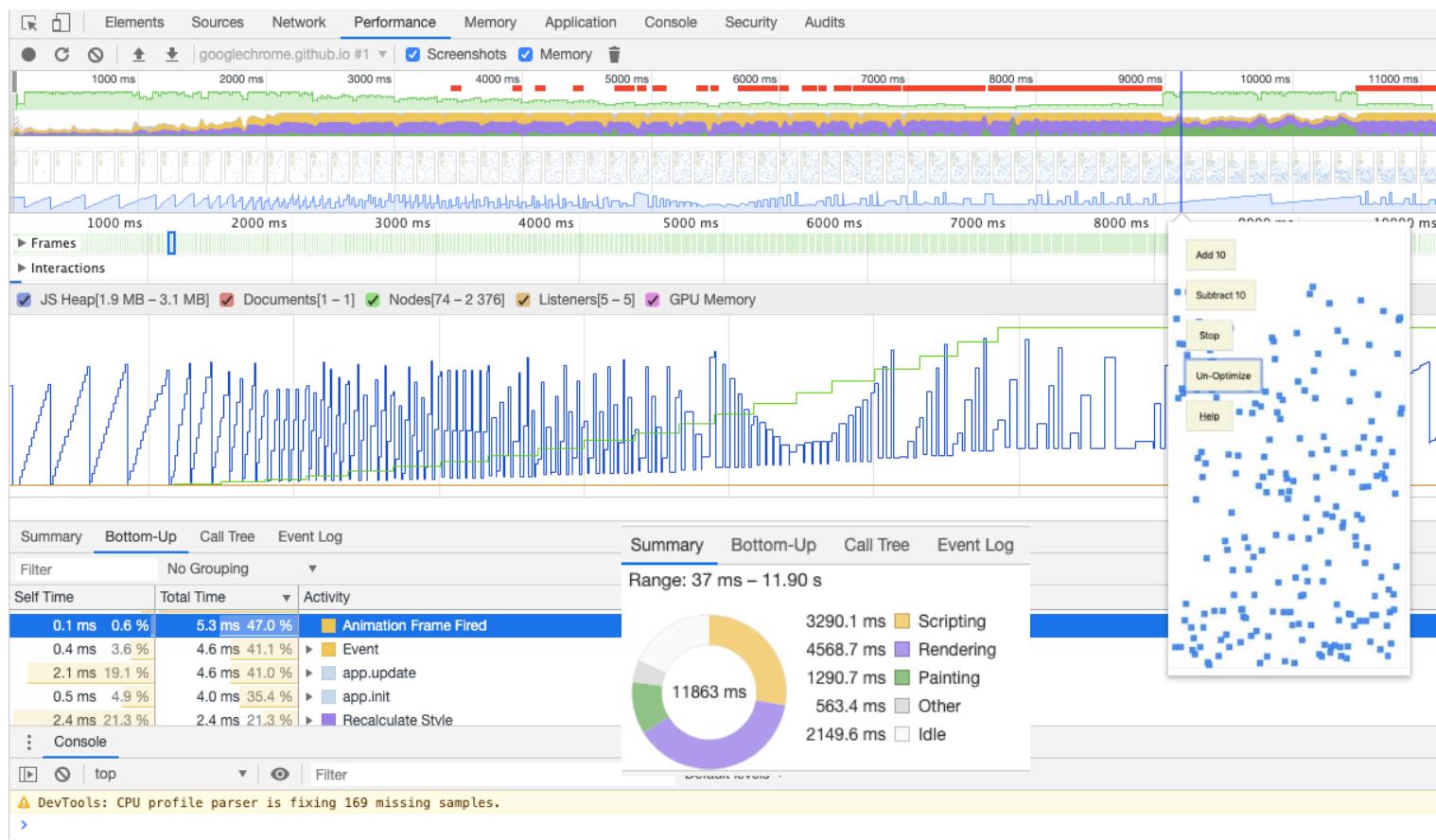
Example with Google Chrome

Profile result:

Frames per Second → □

CPU → □

Bottleneck → □



Other tools for browser

RAIL model:

Response, Animation, Idle, Load

<https://developers.google.com/web/fundamentals/performance/rail>

<https://webpagetest.org/easy>

Lighthouse (with Chrome)

The screenshot shows the Lighthouse audit interface within the Chrome DevTools. The top navigation bar includes tabs for Elements, Console, Sources, Network, Performance, Memory, Application, Security, and Audits, with 'Audits' being the active tab. Below the tabs is a toolbar with a plus icon for 'new audit', a dropdown menu, and a refresh button. The main area features a large orange lighthouse icon and a blue 'Generate report' button. A text box below the button encourages users to identify and fix common problems related to performance, accessibility, and user experience, with a link to 'Learn more'. To the right of the main area, there are two columns of settings. The left column lists 'Categories' with checkboxes for Performance (checked), Progressive Web App (checked), Best practices (checked), Accessibility (checked), and SEO (checked). The right column lists 'Device' options with radio buttons for Mobile (selected) and Desktop. At the bottom right, there are links for 'Community Plugins(beta)' and 'Publisher Ads'.

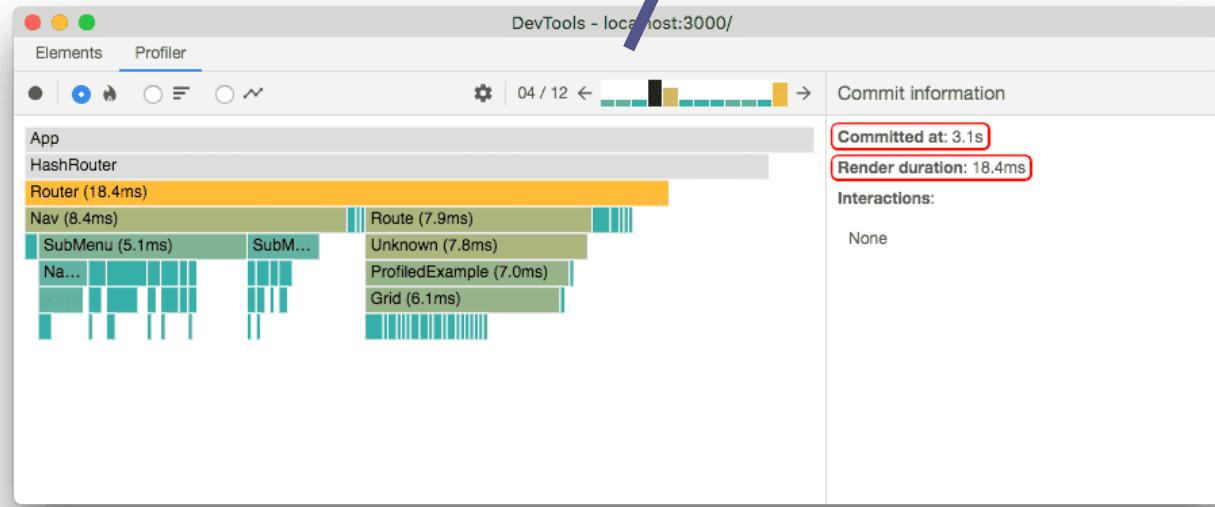
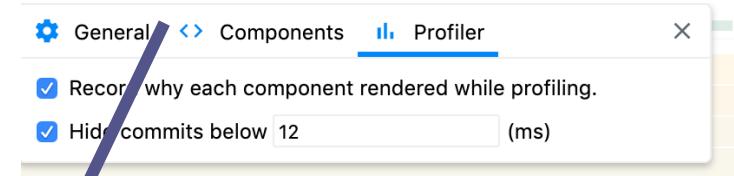
Categories	Device
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Performance	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Mobile
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Progressive Web App	<input type="radio"/> Desktop
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Best practices	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Accessibility	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> SEO	

Community Plugins(beta)
Publisher Ads

React Developer Tools

React works in two stages:

- Render
- Commit



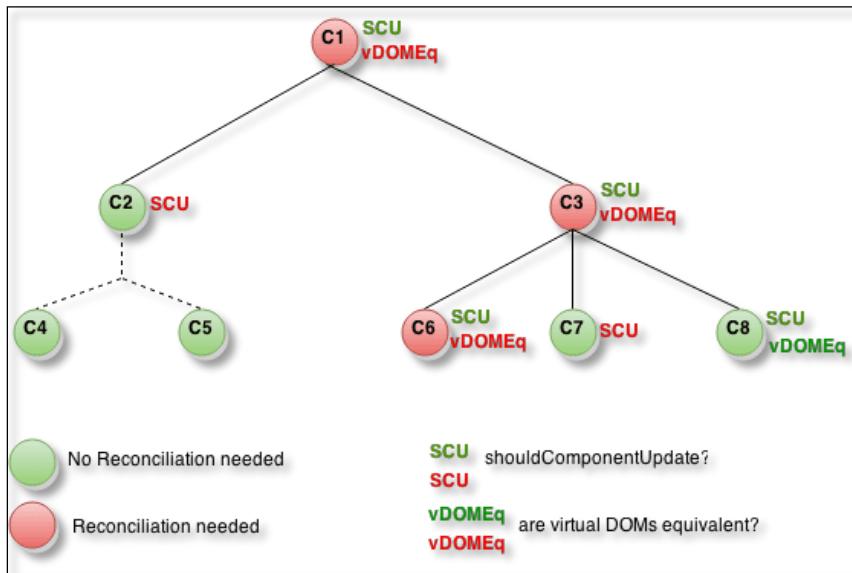
React Developer Tools

The screenshot shows the React Developer Tools interface with the Profiler tab selected. At the top, there is a form for entering address details: Dirección (avda galicia), Locality (Oviedo), Postal Code (33005), and Region (Asturias). Below the form is a toolbar with various developer tools like Elements, Console, Sources, Network, Performance, Memory, Application, Security, Audits, and Profiler. The Profiler tab is active, indicated by a blue underline. A legend at the top right shows icons for General, Components, and Profiler.

On the right side of the Profiler tab, there are two checkboxes: "Record why each component rendered while profiling" (checked) and "Hide commits below 12 (ms)" (checked). Below these checkboxes is a section titled "Why did this render?" which lists the reasons for the current render. It includes "Props changed: (fieldData, modifyFormObject, formObject, onSave)". Another section titled "Rendered at:" lists several entries with their respective times: "4.1s for 17.3ms", "4.5s for 83.8ms", "4.6s for 19.9ms", "4.7s for 19.9ms", "5s for 16.1ms" (highlighted in blue), and "6.6s for 21.4ms".

The main area displays a horizontal bar chart (flamegraph) showing the cumulative time spent in different components. The bars are color-coded in a gradient from yellow to green. The top bar for the root component "Bf (0.2ms)" is yellow. Subsequent bars for "Xd key='subject:_:UserProfileAddress_parts_4'" and "Anonymous (Memo)" are also yellow. The "Context.Consumer" bar is orange. The "Xd key='subject:_:UserProfileEmail_parts_1'" bar is light green. The "Xd key='subject:_:UserProfile_parts_0'" bar is dark green. Below these are several very short bars for "Bf" and "Xd" components, mostly in yellow and orange.

React DOM – Virtual DOM



```
class CounterButton extends React.PureComponent {
  constructor(props) {
    super(props);
    this.state = {count: 1};
  }

  render() {
    return (
      <button
        color={this.props.color}
        onClick={() => this.setState(state => ({count: state.count + 1}))}>
        Count: {this.state.count}
      </button>
    );
  }
}
```

```
shouldComponentUpdate(nextProps, nextState) {
  if (this.props.color !== nextProps.color) {
    return true;
  }
  if (this.state.count !== nextState.count) {
    return true;
  }
  return false;
}
```

Web monitoring alternatives

Spring-boot provides “Actuator” for features in production

Some systems:

Prometheus, Graphite, Grafana, Datadog, Nagios, Sensu, ...



Presenting architecture

Ideas for the presentation

Presenting architecture

For this course

- Talk about 15-20'
- Questions: 5-15'
- Teachers select the presenter

What to present?

Focus on key aspects

- Present architecture & system
- Quality attributes/strategies
- Demo
- Tests (acceptance tests, load tests,...)

Presenting architectures

DeveloperToArchitect.com

Software Architecture Monday with Mark Richards

Lesson 31 - Presenting Architecture



Mark Richards

Independent Consultant

Hands-on Software Architect / Published Author / Conference Speaker

Founder, DeveloperToArchitect.com

www.wmrichards.com

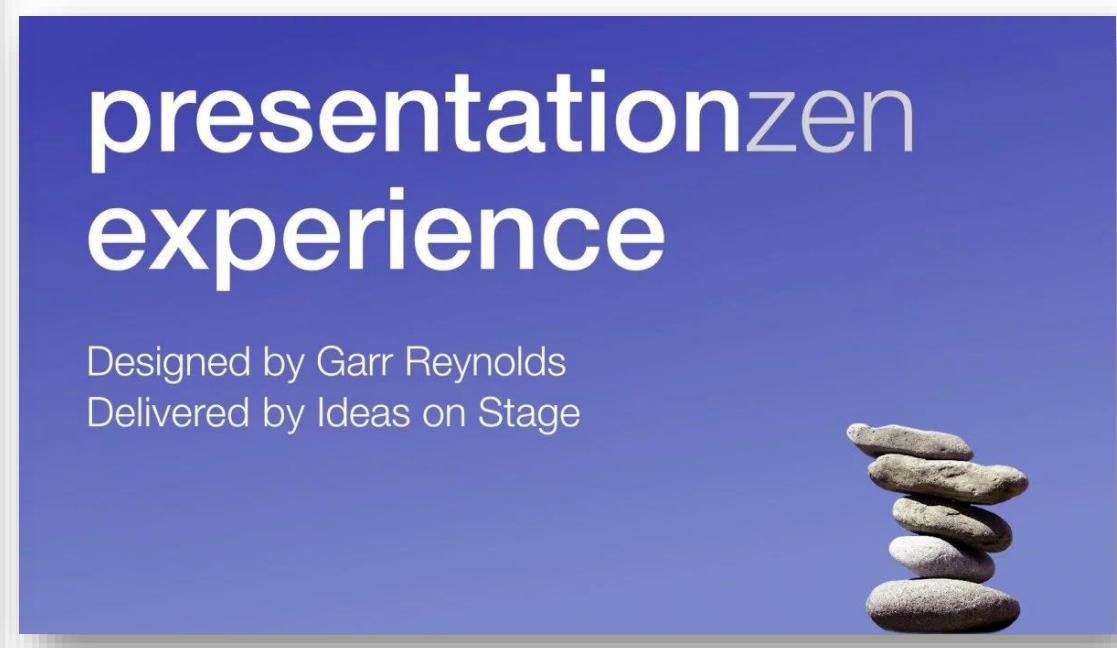
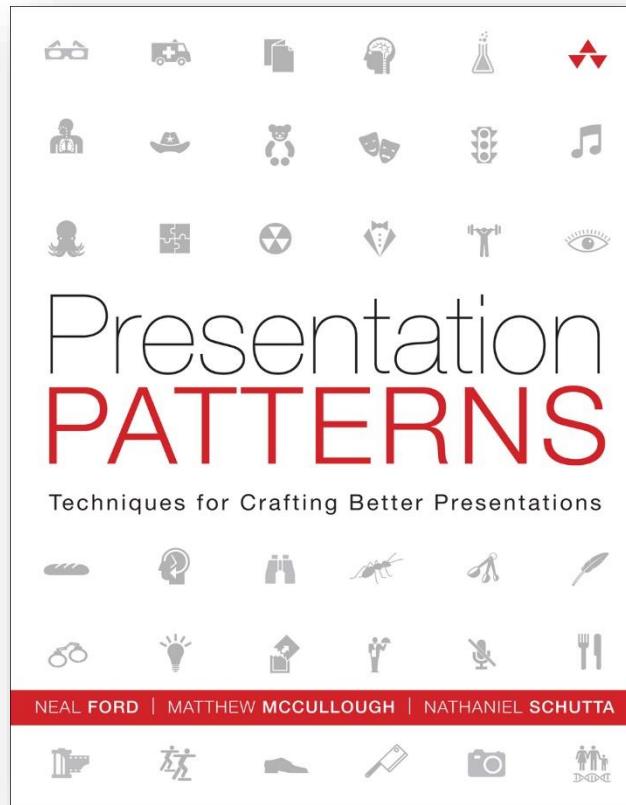
<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=pJcol2DASpo&t=299s>

Improving presentations

<https://presentationpatterns.com/resources/>

<https://www.oreilly.com/library/view/presentation-patterns/9781491954980/>

<https://www.presentationzen.com/>



Links

Monitoring & Profiling

Get Started With Analyzing Runtime Performance

<https://developers.google.com/web/tools/chrome-devtools/evaluate-performance/>

How to Use the Timeline Tool

<https://developers.google.com/web/tools/chrome-devtools/evaluate-performance/timeline-tool#profile-js>

Presentation

Presentation Zen Garr Reynolds

<https://www.presentationzen.com/>

<https://www.amazon.com/gp/product/0321811984>