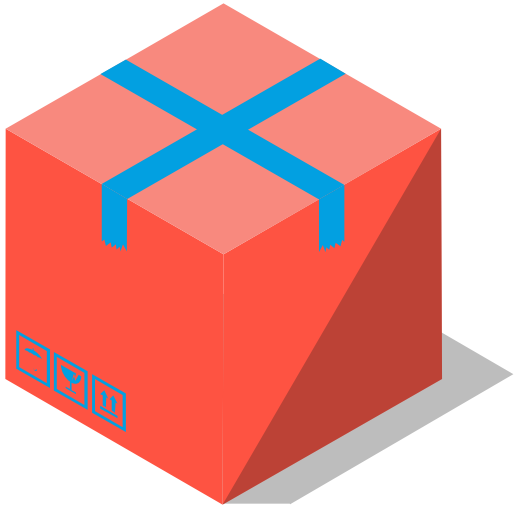
Package management

Based on:

SE Radio 489: Sam Boyer on Package Management



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Pedro Limeres Granado
Sergio Truébano Robles

Sam Boyer

stripe

Grafana

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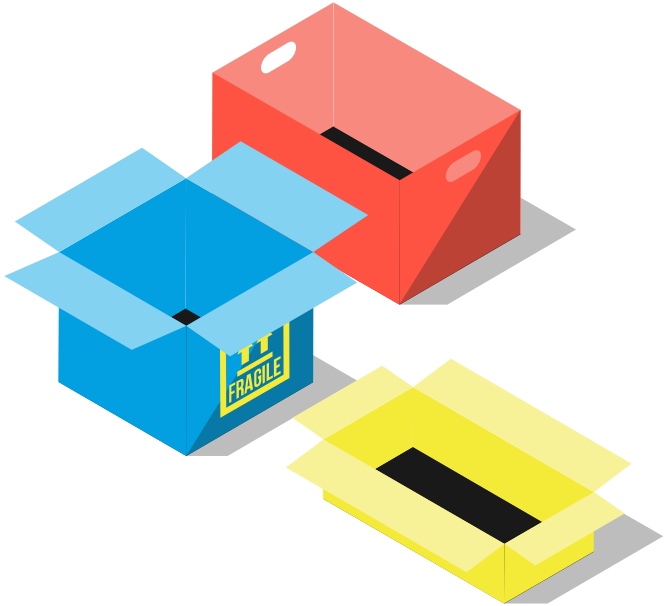
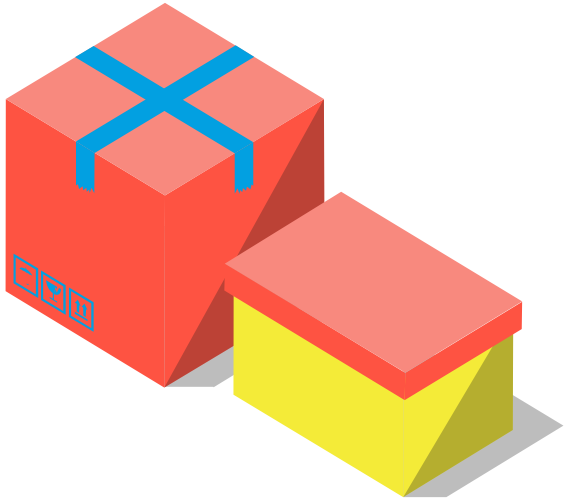
Packages





What is a package?

Element collection with name and context

Challenging to define

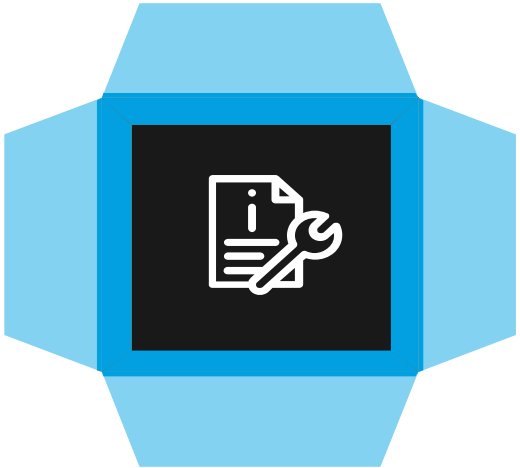
Package Example

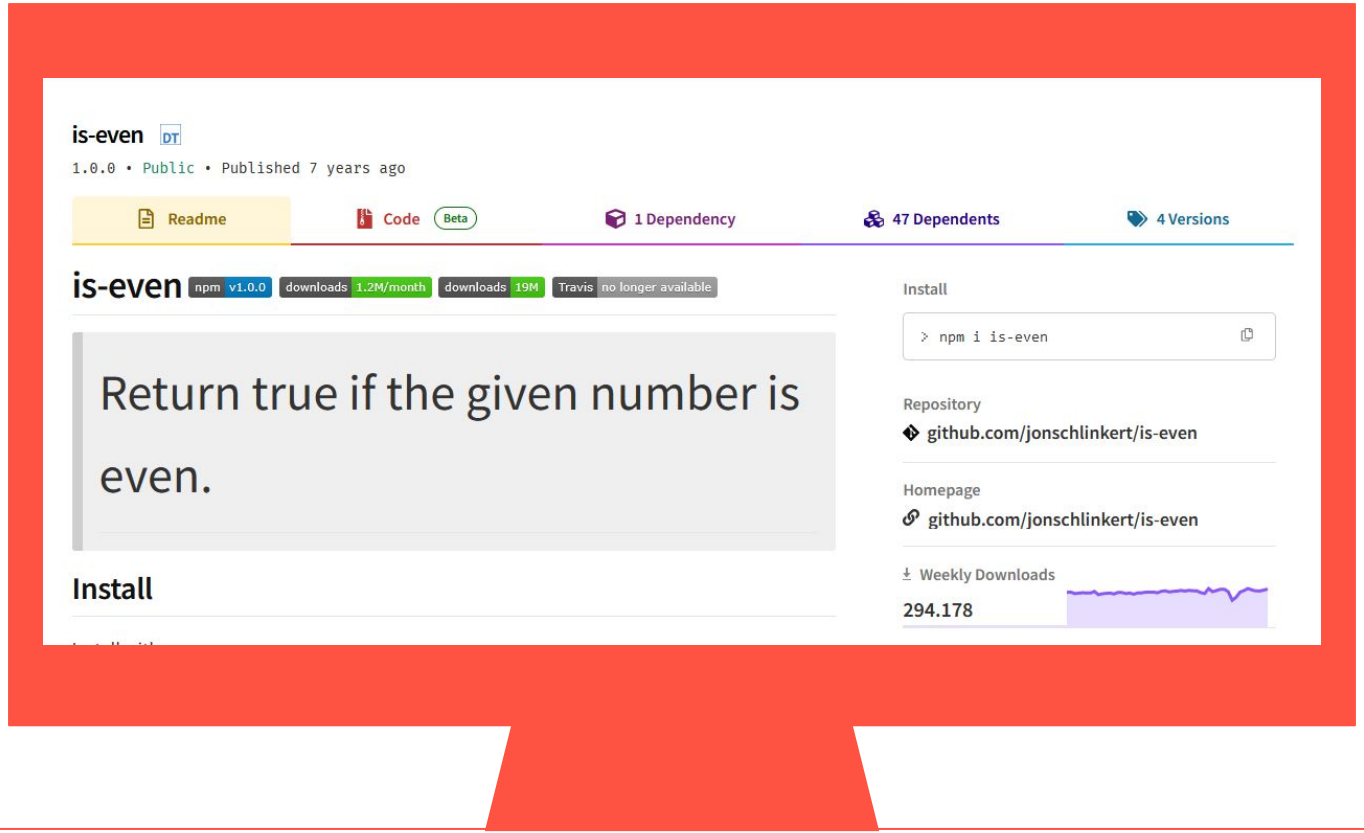
Packages & Metadata

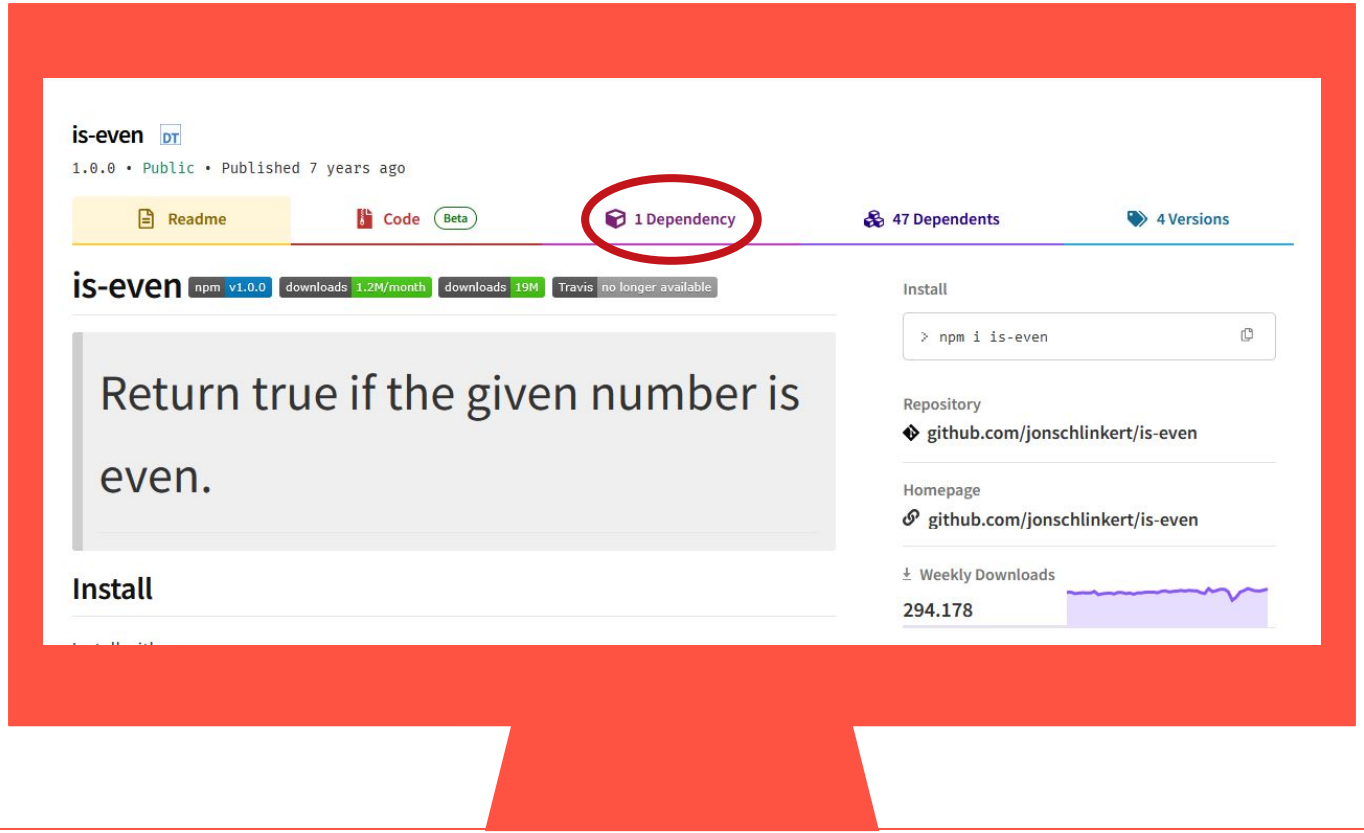
Name: is-odd

Version: 2.0.0

Dependencies: ....




is-even
DT
1.0.0 • Public • Published 7 years ago
Readme
Code
Beta
1 Dependency
47 Dependents
4 Versions
is-even
npm v1.0.0
downloads 1.2M/month
downloads 19M
Travis no longer available
Return true if the given number is even.
Install
Install
> npm i is-even
Repository
github.com/jonschlinkert/is-even
Homepage
github.com/jonschlinkert/is-even
Weekly Downloads
294.178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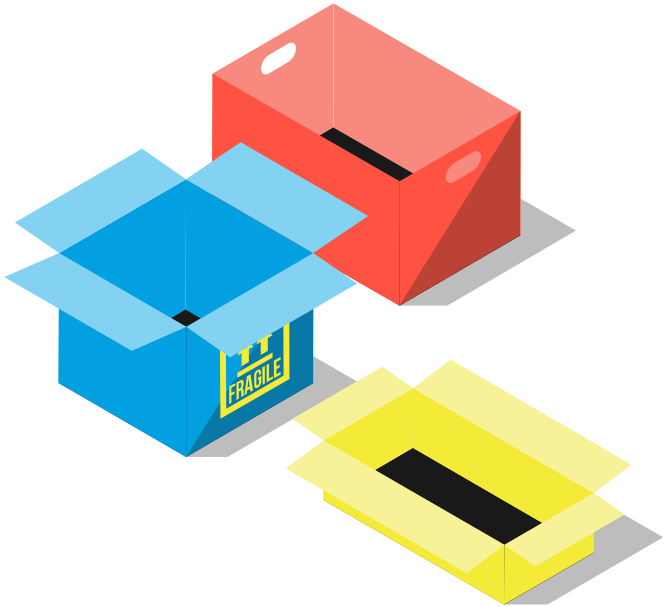
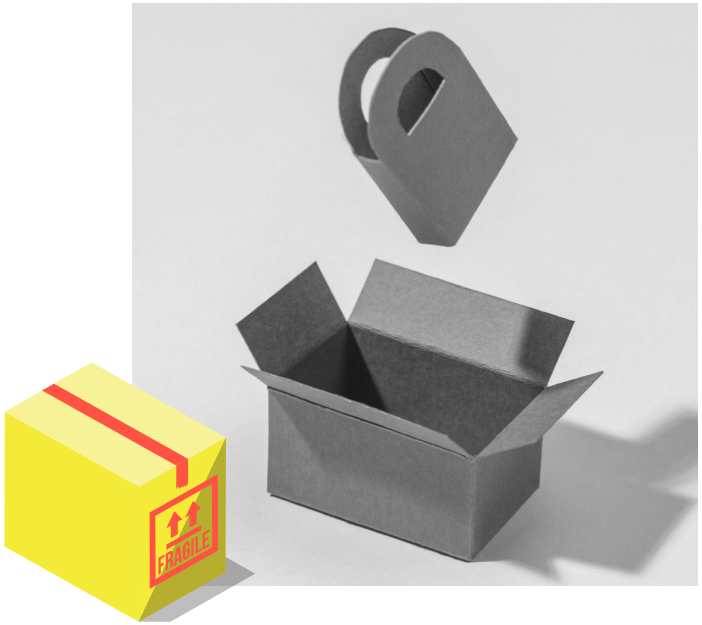
Readme
Code
Beta
1 Dependency
Dependencies (1)
is-odd

02

Package managers

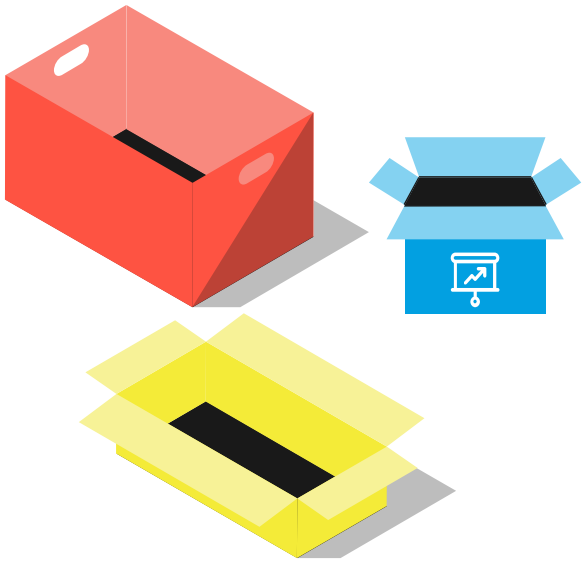




What is a Package Manager

Automation Tools

Uniformed Systems



Package Manager trends

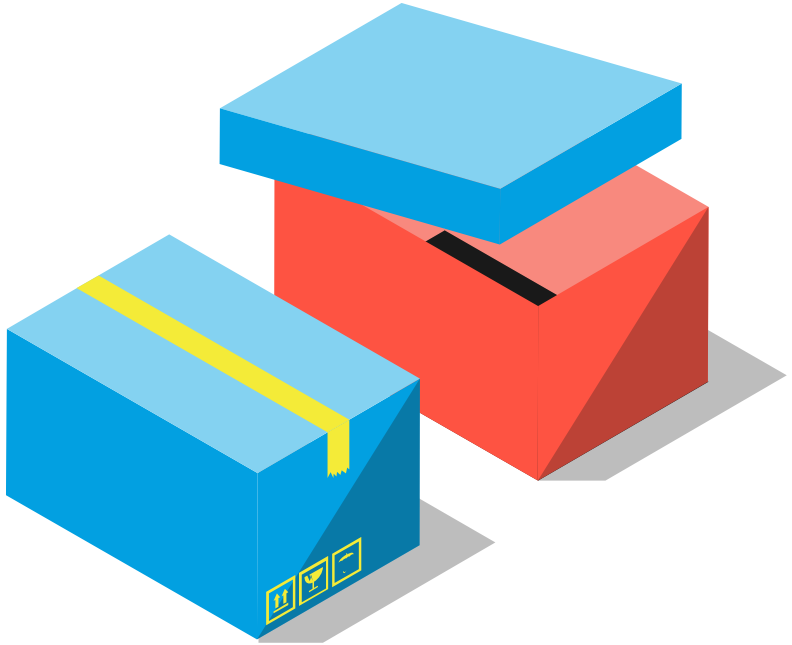
Manager Toolchain

Same language

Package manager operations

Package retrieval

Package publishing

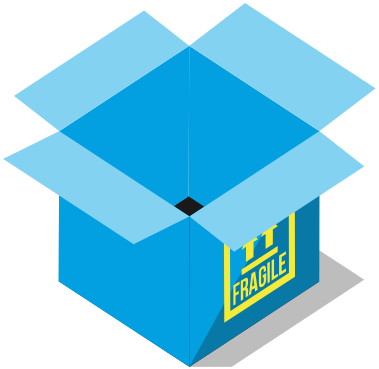


Validity process

01 Repositories

02 Name resolution

03 Identity verification



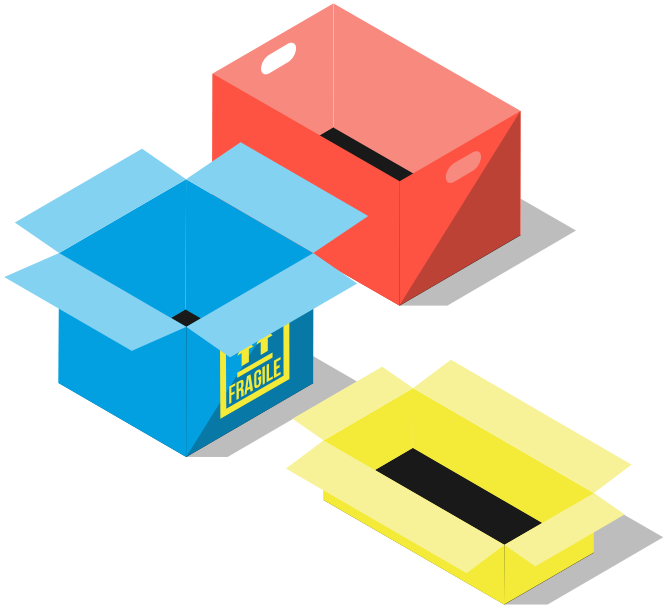
Configuration

Metadata file

Command-line

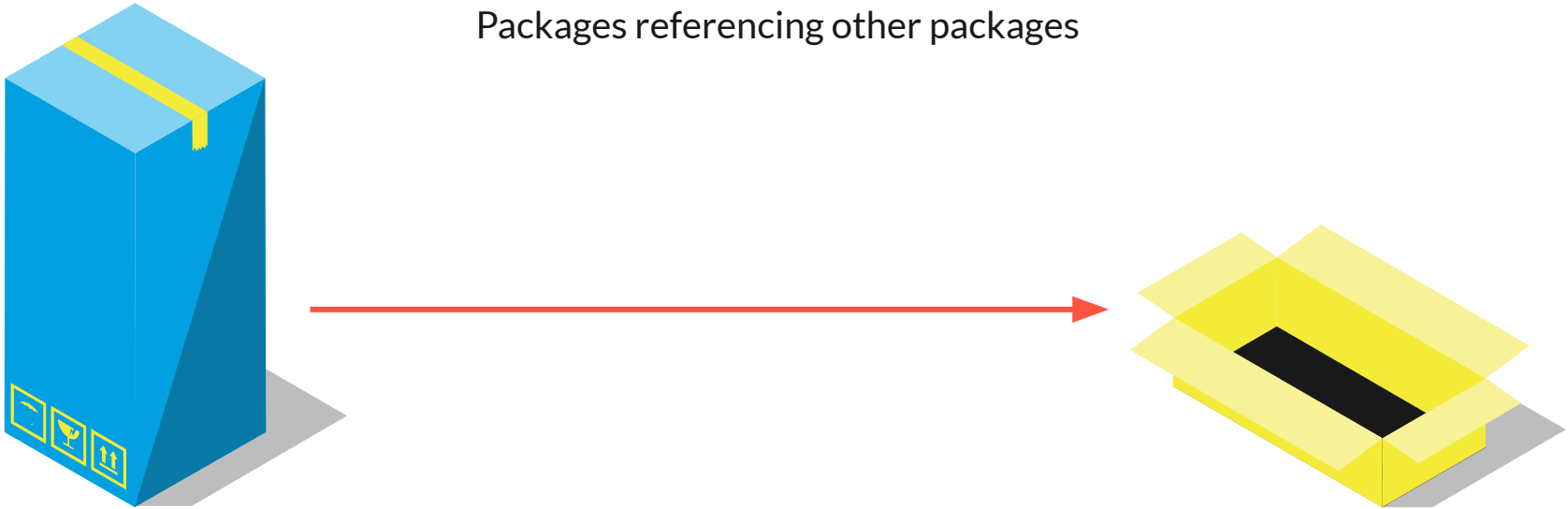
03

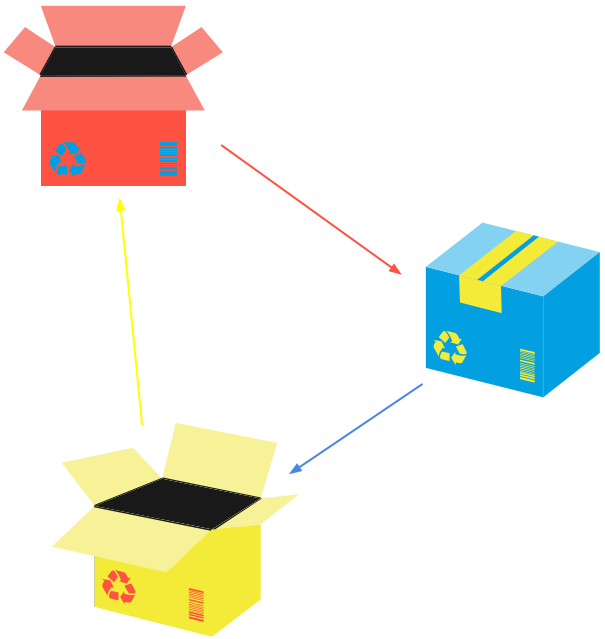
Dependencies



Dependencies

Packages referencing other packages

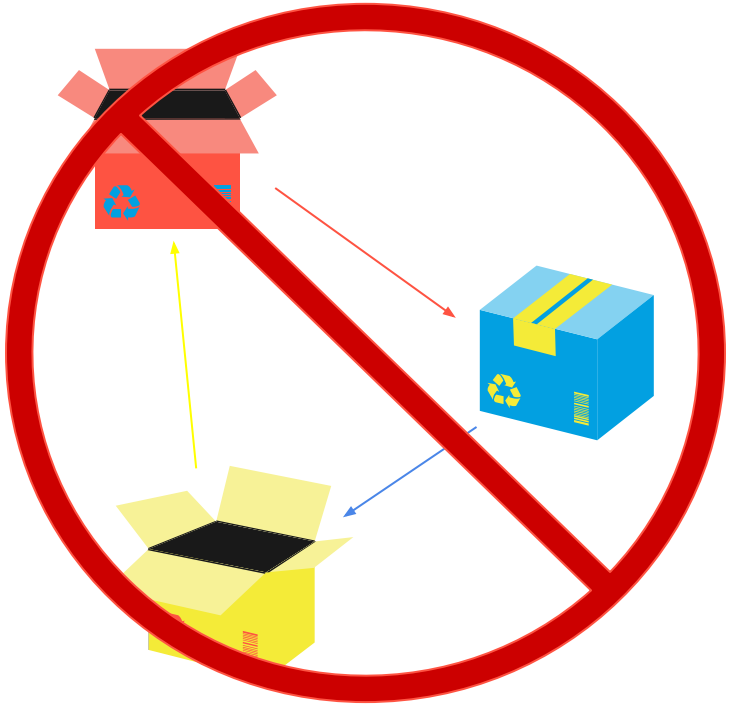




What is a cycle?

Simple closed path, with no clear beginning or end

In a graph, when we can see a path through the nodes



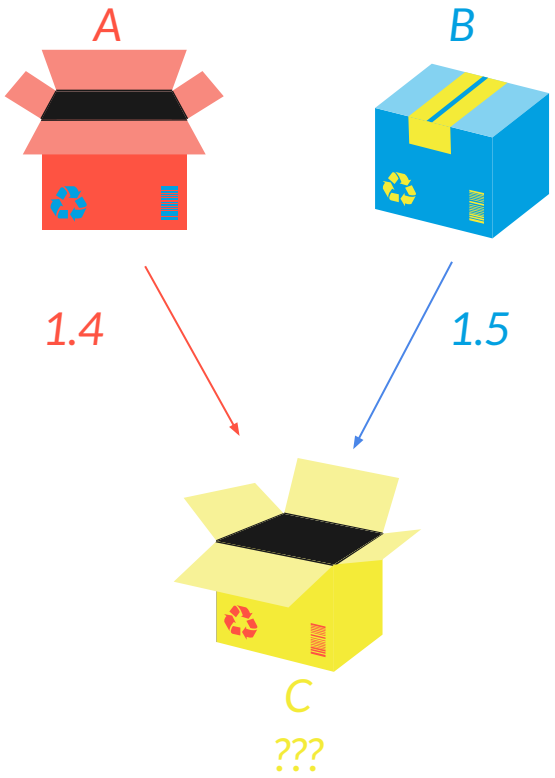
How can we avoid them?

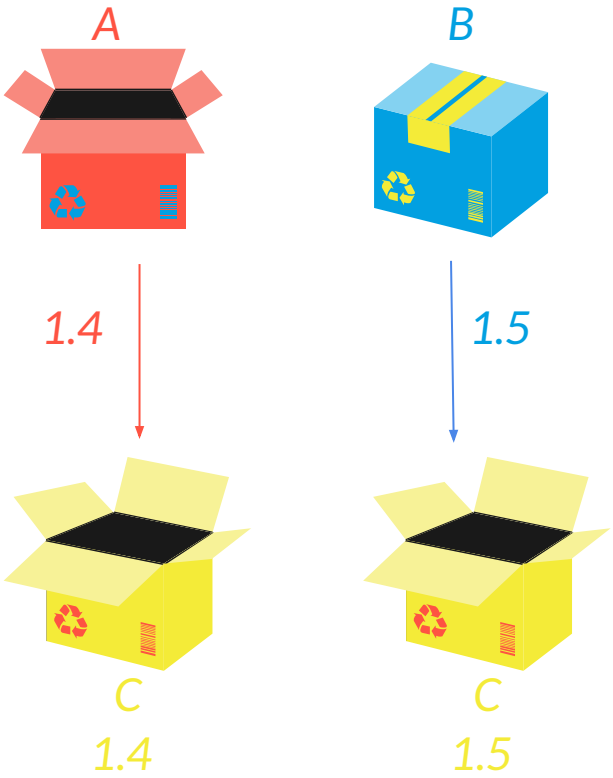
Generally, we cannot avoid these cycles when working with packages

Most package managers allow these types of cycles with packages

Versions problem

- Package A depends on C
- Package also B depends on C
- A accepts version 1.4
- B accepts version 1.5
- Which version will C need?

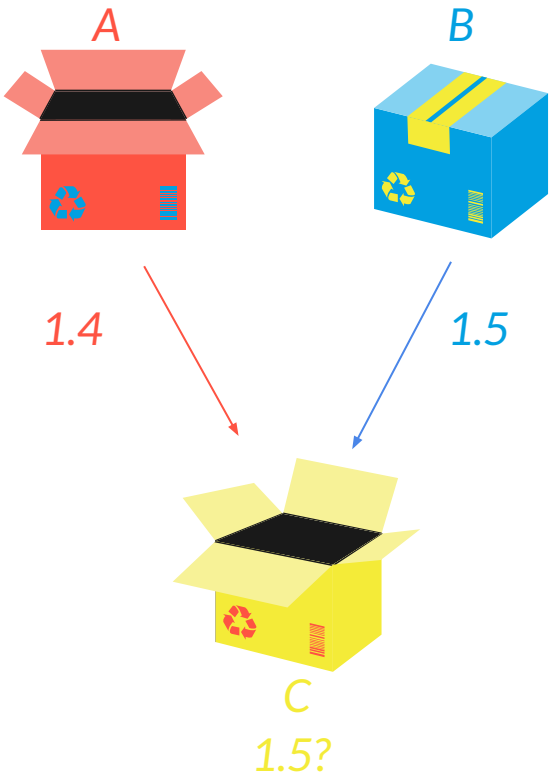




Possible solutions

In dynamic languages, the manager can decide with more freedom

A usual approach is to duplicate the C package, each one with different versions



Possible solutions

In statically typed languages, the usual approach is to compromise versions

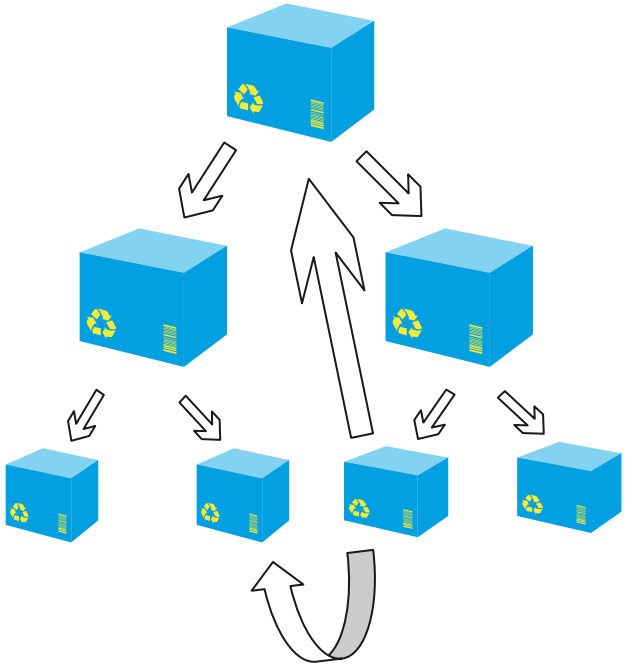
For type checkers not to explode, only one version of package is required

Dependency Limbo

There is a problem with versions in packages

We are NOT SURE if our code is going to compile or if it is correct

Dependency Hell



Packages depend on other packages. What if a package is updated?

Override approach.

Lock File

- We can store the version and dependencies.
- Selection algorithms.

Package Loading

- Statically incorporated libraries (C languages).
- Dynamically loaded libraries (Python/Ruby …).